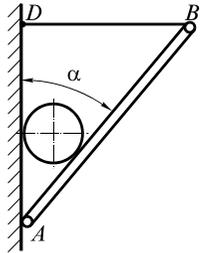


2019 INTERNATIONAL ENGINEERING MECHANICS CONTEST (ASIAN REGION)

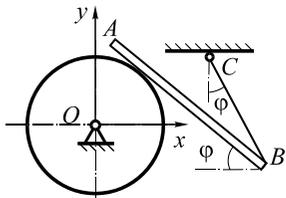
The Theory Contest

Problem S-1



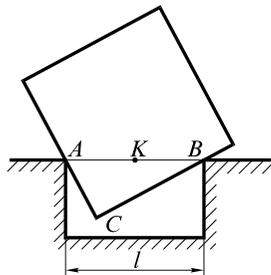
A uniform heavy cylinder touches a vertical wall and it is held in the equilibrium by two horizontal cables **BD** and two weightless rods **AB** that are pivotally attached to the wall. At what value of the angle α the tension of the cables will be the minimal?

Problem S-2



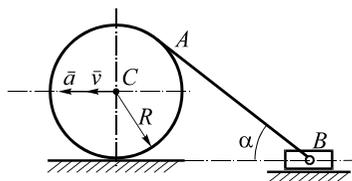
A thin homogeneous rod **AB** of length $2r$ rests on a rough disk of radius r . The rod is held in balance by a weightless thread **CB** of length r . Determine the coordinates of the point **C** that is the attachment point of the thread, if the rod **AB** is inclined to the horizontal and **BC** - to the vertical at an angle φ . The friction in the hinge can be neglected.

Problem K-1



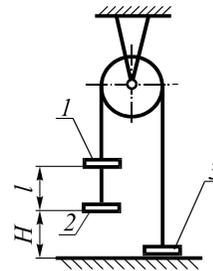
The rectangular plate moves in its plane with a constant angular velocity ω . Determine the velocity and acceleration of the plate top **C** and of the plate point **K** that is the midpoint of the section **AB**. $AB = l$.

Problem K-2



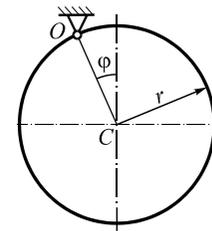
The disk of radius R rolls without sliding along a fixed plane. The velocity and the acceleration of the disk center at a given time are v and a respectively. The thread **AB** is wound on the disk. Determine the velocity and the acceleration of the thread end **B** if the thread makes an angle α with the plane.

Problem D-1



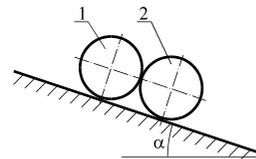
The loads 1, 2, 3 are connected by a weightless inextensible thread thrown over a block of radius r and they have the same mass m . The dimensions of the loads can be neglected. The system starts to move without the initial velocity from the position shown in the figure. The dimensions H and l are given. At what maximal height will the load 3 rise, if the axial moment of inertia of the block is equal to mr^2 , and the loads 1 and 2 remain stationary after reaching the floor?

Problem D-2



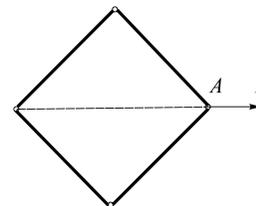
A non-uniform disk of radius r oscillates in a vertical plane around the axis **O**. The density of the disk is proportional to the distance to the axis **C**, passing through the center of the disk. Determine the period of small oscillations of the disk.

Problem D-3



A rough uniform cylinder 1 and a thin pipe 2 of the same radii and masses, roll without slipping along a rough inclined plane forming an angle α with the horizon. The coefficient of sliding friction between the cylinders is f . Determine the acceleration of the centers of the cylinders of rolling bodies.

Problem D-4



Four homogeneous rods of length l and mass m each are connected by hinges and form a square located on a smooth horizontal plane. The force F was applied to a hinge **A** in the shown direction. Before the force application the system rested. Determine the hinge **A** acceleration at the initial movement moment.